

Chapter 27: Heapq

Section 27.1: Largest and smallest items in a collection

To find the largest items in a collection, `heapq` module has a function called `nlargest`, we pass it two arguments, the first one is the number of items that we want to retrieve, the second one is the collection name:

```
import heapq

numbers = [1, 4, 2, 100, 20, 50, 32, 200, 150, 8]
print(heapq.nlargest(4, numbers)) # [200, 150, 100, 50]
```

Similarly, to find the smallest items in a collection, we use `nsmallest` function:

```
print(heapq.nsmallest(4, numbers)) # [1, 2, 4, 8]
```

Both `nlargest` and `nsmallest` functions take an optional argument (`key` parameter) for complicated data structures. The following example shows the use of `age` property to retrieve the oldest and the youngest people from `people` dictionary:

```
people = [
    {'firstname': 'John', 'lastname': 'Doe', 'age': 30},
    {'firstname': 'Jane', 'lastname': 'Doe', 'age': 25},
    {'firstname': 'Janie', 'lastname': 'Doe', 'age': 10},
    {'firstname': 'Jane', 'lastname': 'Roe', 'age': 22},
    {'firstname': 'Johnny', 'lastname': 'Doe', 'age': 12},
    {'firstname': 'John', 'lastname': 'Roe', 'age': 45}
]

oldest = heapq.nlargest(2, people, key=lambda s: s['age'])
print(oldest)
# Output: [{"firstname": "John", "age": 45, "lastname": "Roe"}, {"firstname": "John", "age": 30, "lastname": "Doe"}]

youngest = heapq.nsmallest(2, people, key=lambda s: s['age'])
print(youngest)
# Output: [{"firstname": "Janie", "age": 10, "lastname": "Doe"}, {"firstname": "Johnny", "age": 12, "lastname": "Doe"}]
```

Section 27.2: Smallest item in a collection

The most interesting property of a heap is that its smallest element is always the first element: `heap[0]`

```
import heapq

numbers = [10, 4, 2, 100, 20, 50, 32, 200, 150, 8]

heapq.heapify(numbers)
print(numbers)
# Output: [2, 4, 10, 100, 8, 50, 32, 200, 150, 20]

heapq.heappop(numbers) # 2
print(numbers)
# Output: [4, 8, 10, 100, 20, 50, 32, 200, 150]
```

```
heapq.heappop(numbers) # 4
print(numbers)
# Output: [8, 20, 10, 100, 150, 50, 32, 200]
```