





Helping With Math

USAGRADES

Points and Lines

Suitable for students aged 8-10



This pack is suitable for learners aged 8-10 years old or 4th to 5th graders (USA). The content covers fact files and relevant basic and advanced activities involving points, lines, and planes.

Points

A (Point A)

B (Point B)

A point is an exact location. It has no size, only position. They are illustrated as dots so you can see them, but a point really has no size at all!

Points usually have a name, we name a point using any uppercase letters like "A", or even "B"

Examples of Points in Life



the end tip of a pencil



the end tip of a pin

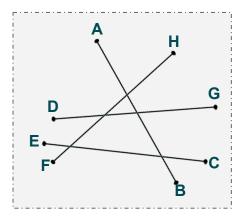


the end tip of a dart pin



LINES

 $A \qquad (Line AB or \overline{AB})$

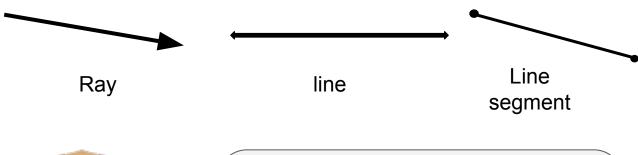




How many lines do you see at the image on the left? Can you name them all?

In geometry, a line is defined as a group of two or more points. It is a straight line with no bends. Line has no thickness and it extends infinitely in both directions.

We can name lines using two uppercase letters like line AB, line CE, etc.





We all love our family, right?
Like us, a line has its own family and they are called as **subsets of line**.

Now, I will introduce them to you!



LINES

SUBSETS OF A LINE

LINE

- It extends infinitely to opposite directions.
- It has two arrowheads on opposite ends.

two arrowheads

C
D

LINE SEGMENT

- It has no endpoints.
- It has definite length
- It is usually used to indicate measurement such as length, width, height and distance.

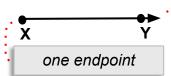
two endpoints



RAY

- It has one endpoint and an arrowhead on the other end.
- It is usually used to represent an action from a starting position towards another.

one arrowhead

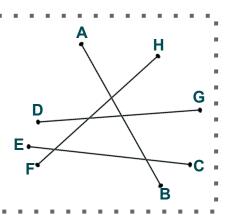


We use different symbols to name a line, line segment and ray. These symbols are drawn above the two letters that represents points on each subset of line.









How many points are in there?

How many lines are in there?

Can you name all the points?

Can you name all the lines?



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STATIONERY ITEMS



Look at these cute and colorful stationery items below. Put a check on the box if the item represents a point in real life.







1.

2.

3.







4.

5.

6.







7.

8.







MICHAELA'S PROMOTION



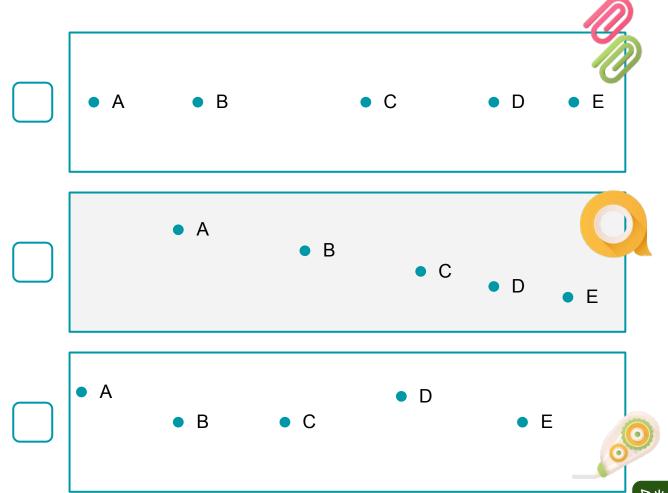
Michaela loves stationery items. As she is about to have a promotion next week, she need to complete this task related to points.



TRIVIA!

Collinear points refer to two or more points that lie on the same line or path.

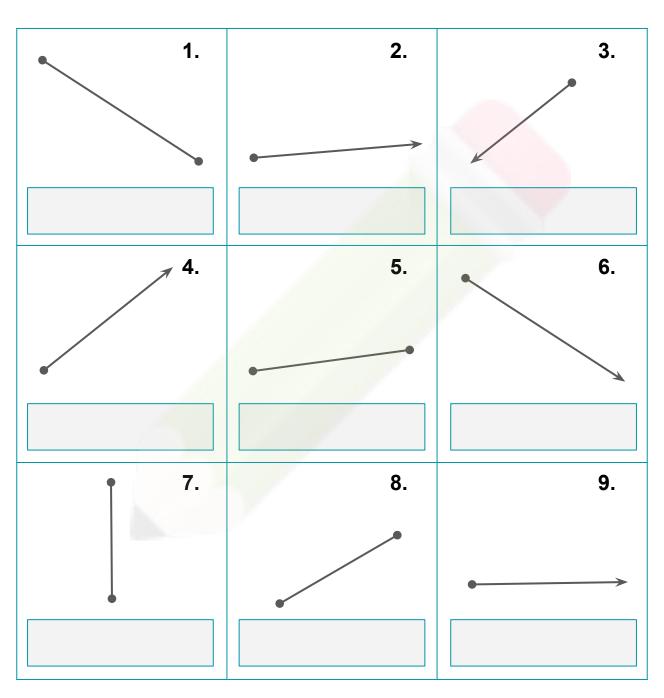
Which among these three sets show collinear points? Put a check on the box.



PEN'S POWER



Your best friend's favorite stationery is pencil. He/she draws the following lines. Can you identify which among them are rays or segments?





NEXT IN LINE



The following images show the different types of line in real life except some. Cross out the unrelated images.



POST-IT NOTES



Given the post-it notes below, create a graphic organizer that will show the concepts of points and lines.

My Graphic Organizer





OUR RULERS



Let's relate points and lines to polygons. Complete the details of the table below. Oh! You need to prepare a ruler and pen too!

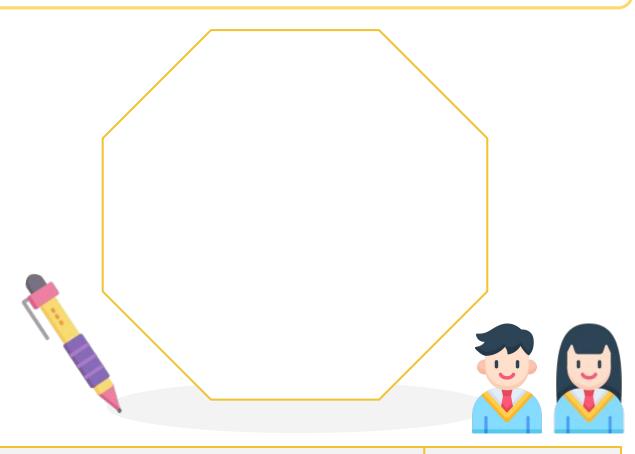
Polygon	Points	Lines
Triangle H	Number of vertices:	Number of lines:
	Name of vertices:	Name of lines:
M W		
Square	Number of vertices:	Number of lines:
	Name of vertices:	Name of lines:
Pentagon	Number of vertices:	Number of lines:
	Name of vertices:	Name of lines:
Hexagon	Number of vertices:	Number of lines:
	Name of vertices:	Name of lines:
1873		



PROJECT POLYGON



Using the stationery items at your house, draw the diagonals of the given polygon below. Then answer the questions that follow.



- 1. How many vertices are there in this polygon?
- 2. Before you draw the diagonals, how many line segments does the polygon have?
- 3. How many diagonals were you able to draw?
- 4. After you have drawn the diagonals, how many line segments are there in all?



DIY GEOM DRAWING



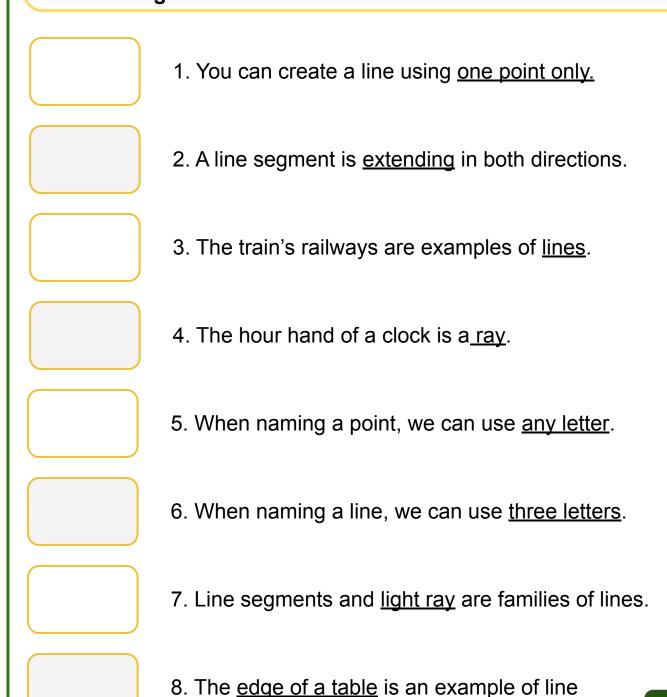
It's time for a D.I.Y. activity! To have more structure, you will be guided by the following steps. Note: bring out your pen, ruler, and protractor.

- 1. Draw a point and name it with your name's first letter.
- 2. From that point, draw another point that is 3 in away from the first point. Name it with another uppercase letter.
- 3. Connect these two points and you will create a segment.
- 4. Using your first point again, draw three rays. They must be 3.5 in long. As you all know, you just created angles from these rays. Make sure that each angle measures 40 degrees.



STAMP FACTS

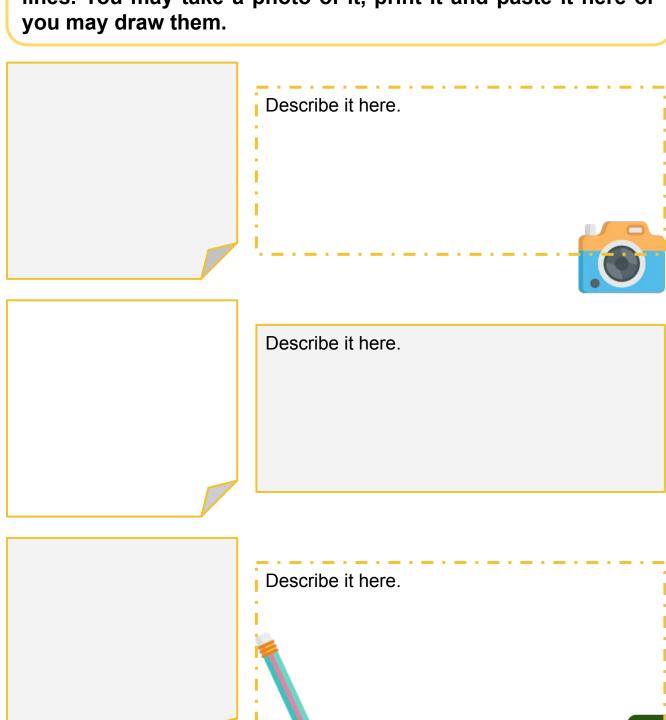
Read and analyze each statement below. Imagine that you have your own stamp pad. Put a stamp on statements that are correct. Otherwise, correct it by replacing a word/phrase to the underlined given.



segment.

GEOM IN LIFE

Let's discover geometry in our surroundings. Look around you. Identify three objects that you think have points and lines. You may take a photo of it, print it and paste it here or you may draw them.



ANSWER GUIDE

Activity 1

2. 🗸 1. 🗸 3.

5. ✓ 6. 4. **7.** ✓ 8. 🗸 9.

Activity 3

1. segment 2. ray 3.ray

4. ray 5. segment

6. ray 7. segment

8. segment 9. ray

Activity 2

The first and the second sets show collinear points.

Activity 4

The exempted items are trees and balls.

Activity 6

- Triangle -3 vertices, 3 lines/sides
- •Square 4 vertices, 4 lines/sides
- Pentagon 5 vertices, 5 lines/sides
- Hexagon 6 vertices, 6 lines/sides

Activity 5 & 10

Answers may vary.

Activity 7

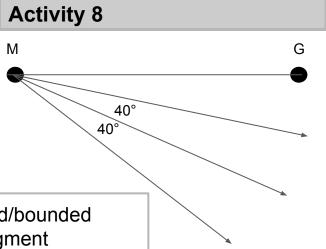
- 1. There are six vertices.
- The polygon has eight line segments.
- 4. There are 12 line segments.

3. There are 4 diagonals.

Activity 9

- 1. At least two points
- 3. (stamp)
- 5. Any uppercase letter
- 7. Ray

- 2. Confined/bounded
- 4. Line segment
- 6. Two uppercase letters
- 8. (stamp)





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